

Test Monitoring Center

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D4485 Information Letter 24-1 Sequence Number 16 March 25, 2024

ASTM consensus has not been obtained on this information letter. An appropriate ASTM ballot will be issued in order to achieve such consensus.

TO: D4485 Mailing List

SUBJECT: New EOEC Specification Limits using Reference Oil SL107.

At the June 29, 2022, meeting of the Heavy Duty Engine Oil Classification Panel, the Panel reviewed the successful letter ballot of the following revision to Standard D4485:

The current EOEC variable specification limits, using reference oil 1006, will be replaced by new variable specification limits using reference oil SL107. Revised versions of Tables 3, 4, & 5, along with a revised version of Annex A5, are attached.

The text of the revisions is shown in the attachment. These changes are effective with the approval of this information letter via ASTM ballot at Subcommittee B.

John flu

Joe Franklin Chairman ASTM Subcommittee B

Attachment c: <u>https://www.astmtmc.org/ftp/docs/d4485/procedure_and_ils/il24-1_D4485.pdf</u> Distribution: Email

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Jeffrey A. Clark Executive Director Test Monitoring Center

TABLE 3 Diesel Engine Oil Category CI-4

Required Test Method	Engine Test Method	R	Rated or Measured Parameter			Performance Cr	iteria
Method					One-test	Two-test ⁴	Three-test
		Weighted demerits	(WDR), max		382	396	402
		Top groove carbon		its. max	52	57	59
		Top land carbon (TI			31	35	36
	D6923		· ·	– 252 h), g/h, average	13.1	13.1	13.1
	00323		, <i>i</i> , i	h), g/h, average, max	IOC + 1.8	IOC + 1.8	IOC + 1.8
		Piston, ring, and line		rii), y/ii, average, max	none	none	none
R (<mark>D6923</mark>) or		Ring sticking			none	none	none
IP (<mark>D668</mark> 1)		Weighted demerits			350	378	390
		Top groove carbon		its may	36	39	41
		Top land carbon (TI			40	46	41
	D6681						
		Average oil consum			12.4	12.4	12.4
		Final oil consumptio		- 360 n), max	14.6	14.6	14.6
F 40	D0007/D000714	Piston, ring, and line	er scuffing		none	none	none
Г-10 D6987/D6987M)	D6987/D6987M	Merit rating, ^A min			1000	1000	1000
or Γ-12 (<mark>D7422</mark>)	D7422	Merit rating, ^A min			1000	1000	1000
		Average crosshead	mass. loss, m	ng, max	20.0	21.8	22.6
	DCOZE	Average top ring ma	ass loss, mg		report	report	report
M11 EGR	D6975	Oil filter differential pressure at 250 h, kPa, max			275	320	341
D6975) or		Average engine sludge, CRC merits at EOT, min			7.8	7.6	7.5
SM (D7468)		Crosshead wear, m	ig, max		7.5	7.8	7.9
D7468		Oil filter ∆ pressure	at 150 h, kPa,	, max	55	67	74
		Sludge rating, CRC	Merits, min		8.1	8.0	8.0
Ext. T-8E (D5967) ^{<i>B</i>}	D5967	Relative viscosity a	Relative viscosity at 4.8 % soot ^C			1.9	2.0
Sequence IIIF	D6984	Kinematic viscosity	(at 40 °C), per	cent increase, max	275	275 (MTAC)	275 (MTAC
(D6984) ^D or	D7320	Kinematic viscosity,	, percent incre	ase at 40 °C max	150	150 (MTAC)	150 (MTAC
Sequence IIIG D7320) ^E	D8111	60 – 80 h ^F Kinemati	c viscosity, %	increase at 40 °C max	370	370 (MTAC)	370 (MTAC
or Sequence IIIH (D8111) or Sequence IIIH70 (D8111 using Appendix X5)	D8111 (Using IIIH70 Appendix X5 guideline)	70 h Kinematic visc	osity, % increa	ase at 40 °C max	181	181 (MTAC)	181 (MTAC
		Weighted demerits	(WDK), max		332	347	353
		Top groove fill (TGF	⁼), %, max		24	27	29
IK (<mark>D6750)^G</mark>	D6750	Top land heavy car	bon (TLHC), %	ó, max	4	5	5
IK (D0750)-	D0750		ntion	g/kWh (0 h <i>-</i> 252 h), max	0.54	0.54	0.54
		Average oil consum	ιριοπ	g/MJ (0 h <i>-</i> 252 h), max	0.15	0.15	0.15
		Piston, ring, and line	er scuffing		none	none	none
	DECCO			mils, max	0.30	0.33	0.36
RFWT (<mark>D5966</mark>)	D5966	Average pin wear		µm, max	7.6	8.4	9.1
EOAT (<mark>D6894)^H</mark>	D6894	Aeration, volume pe	ercent, max		8.0	8.0 (MTAC) [/]	8.0 (MTAC
	CI-4 Bench Tests			Measured Parameter		Primary Perform	mance Criteri
04683 or D4741 o	r D5481 ^J		High tempera	ture/high shear viscosity at 150	°C ^k , min	3.5 m	Pa-s
//RV-TP-1 (<mark>D4684</mark>)		10W, and 15W Viscosity of 7	5 h used oil sample from T-10 t l oil sample from T-12 test (or T	est (or T-10A ^L test),	25 0	000
MIKV-1P-1 (D4004)			If yield stress is detected, use modified D4684 ^N (external preheat), then mPa-s, max			25 000	

Evaporative loss at 250 °C, %, max	1	15	
Copper, mg/kg increase, max	2	20	
Lead, mg/kg increase, max	1	20	
Tin, mg/kg increase	re	port	
Copper strip rating, ^o max		3	
Kinematic viscosity after shearing	SAE XW-30	SAE XW-40	
mm²/s at 100 °C, min	9.3	12.5	
Foaming/settling, ^P mL, max			
Sequence I	10/0		
Sequence II	20/0		
Sequence III	10	10/0	
	Copper, mg/kg increase, max Lead, mg/kg increase, max Tin, mg/kg increase Copper strip rating, ^o max Kinematic viscosity after shearing mm²/s at 100 °C, min Foaming/settling, ^p mL, max Sequence I Sequence II	Copper, mg/kg increase, max 2 Lead, mg/kg increase, max 1 Tin, mg/kg increase rep Copper strip rating, ⁰ max 1 Kinematic viscosity after shearing mm²/s at 100 °C, min SAE XW-30 Foaming/settling, ^P mL, max 9.3 Sequence I 10 Sequence II 20	

Note—These are the *unadjusted specification limits* for elastomer compatibility. Candidate oils shall, however, conform to the *adjusted specification limits*, the calculation of which is described in Annex A5.

Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, %	Elongation at Break Change, %
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5, -3)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107-30)	(+10, -SL107-17)
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107, -3)	(+5, -SL107)	(+10, -45)	(+20, -30)
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5, -3)	(+8, -5)	(+18, -15)	(+10, -35)
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5, -2)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107)

Note—TMC SL107 is the designation for the reference oil used in this test method. This designation represents the original blend or subsequent approved re-blends of TMC SL107.

^A See Annex A4 for additional information.

^B A passing T-11 (TGA % soot at 12.0 mm²/s increase, at 100 °C, min)—6.00 (first test), 5.89 (second test), and 5.85 (third test)—can be used in place of a T-8E in the applicable categories. This is not intended to indicate equivalence.

^c Relative Viscosity (RV) = viscosity at 4.8 % soot/viscosity of new oil sheared in Test Method D6278.

^D Refer to RR:D02-1391.

^E The Sequence IIIG limits shown are more restrictive than the corresponding limits in Sequence IIIF, and are not intended to indicate equivalence. Results meeting the Sequence IIIG criteria stated can be used in lieu of Sequence IIIF.

 $PVIS@(60 - 80)h = \left(\frac{\sqrt{PVIS@60 h} + \sqrt{PVIS@80 h}}{2}\right)$

, where

^F 60 – 80 h value is interpolated according to the equation PVIS@60 h is percent viscosity increase at 60 h and PVIS@80 h is percent viscosity increase at 80 h.

^G Refer to RR:D02-1273. Alternatively, Test Method D6750 (1N) can be used; if this test method is used, the measured parameters and primary performance criteria are the same as those shown for Test Method D6750 (1N) in the CJ-4 category.

^H Refer to RR:D02-1379.

¹ See Annex A2; use method without transformations.

^J Tests as allowed in SAE J300.

^{*K*} Noncritical specification as defined by Practice D3244; may be superseded only by applicable higher limits set by SAE J300.

¹ The T-10A test is the name given to a T-10 test run for 75 h to generate the sample for measurement by Test Method D4684.

^M The T-12A test is the name given to a T-12 test run for 100 h to generate the sample for measurement by Test Method D4684.

^N Refer to RR:D02-1517.

^o The rating system in Test Method D130 is used to rate the copper coupon in Test Method D6594.

^P Ten minutes for Sequence I, II, and III.

		TABLE 4 Diesel Engine Oil	Category CJ-4				
Required Test Method	Engine Test Method	Rated or Measured Pa	arameter	Prima	ry Perform	nance (Criteria
				One-test	Two-t	est	Three-test
T-12 (<mark>D7422</mark>)	D7422	Merit rating, ^A min		1000	100	0	1000
ISM (<mark>D7468</mark>)	D7468	Merit rating, ^A min		1000	100	0	1000
ISIM (D7400)	D7400	Top ring mass loss, mg, max	100	100)	100	
C12 (D7540)	D7540	Merit rating, ^A min		1000	100	0	1000
C13 (<mark>D7549</mark>)	D7549	Hot-stuck piston ring		none	non	е	none
		TGA % Soot at 4.0 mm²/s increase, at 1	00 °C, min	3.5	3.4		3.3
T-11 (<mark>D7156</mark>)	D7156	TGA % Soot at 12.0 mm²/s increase, at	100 °C, min	6.0	5.9		5.9
		TGA % Soot at 15.0 mm ² /s increase, at	100 °C, min	6.7	6.6	;	6.5
		Slider tappet mass loss, mg, average, m	iax	100	108	3	112
ISB (<mark>D7484</mark>)	D7484	Cam lobe wear, µm, average, max		55	59		61
		Crosshead mass loss, mg, average		report	repo	rt	report
		Weighted demerits (WDN), max		286.2	311.	7	323.0
		Top groove fill (TGF), %, max		20	23		25
		Top land heavy carbon (TLHC), %, max		3	4		5
1N (<mark>D6750</mark>)	D6750	Oil consumption	g/kWh, (0 h – 252 h), max	0.54	0.54	ł)	0.54
			g/MJ (0 h – 252 h), max	0.15	0.15	5	0.15
		Piston, ring, and liner scuffing		none	non	е	none
	Piston ring sticking			none			none
			mils, max	0.30	0.33	3	0.36
RFWT (<mark>D5966</mark>)	D5966	Average pin wear,	µm, max	(7.6)	(8.4	.)	(9.1)
Sequence IIIF (D6984)	D6984	Kinematic viscosity (at 40 °C), % increas	Kinematic viscosity (at 40 °C), % increase, max		275 (MTAC)		275 (MTAC)
or	D7320	Kinematic viscosity (at 40 °C), % increas			150 (MTAC)		150 (MTAC)
Sequence IIIG (D7320) ^B or	D8111	60 – 80 h ^C Kinematic viscosity, % increase at 40 °C max		150 370	370 (M	-	370 (MTAC)
Sequence IIIH (D8111) or Sequence IIIH70 (D8111 using Appendix X5)	D8111(Using IIIH70 Appendix X5 guideline)	70 h Kinematic viscosity, % increase at 4	70 h Kinematic viscosity, % increase at 40 °C max		181 (M⁻	TAC)	181 (MTAC)
EOAT (<mark>D6894</mark>)	D6894	Aeration, volume, %, max		8.0	8.0 (MT	AC)	8.0 (MTAC)
Bench Tes	t Methods	Measured Param	eter	Primary Performance Criteria			Criteria
D4683 or D4171 or D548	31	High temperature/high shear viscosity a	t 150 °C, min		3.5 mF	Pa-s	
		Copper, mg/kg increase, max		20			
HTCBT, 135 °C (D6594)		Lead, mg/kg increase, max		120			
		Copper strip rating, ^D max		3			
D7400		Kinematic viscosity after 90 pass sheari		SAE XW-	30	SA	E XW-40
D7109		Kinematic viscosity after 90 pass shearing	ig, mm ² /s at 100°C, min	9.3			12.5
				SAE < > 10\	V-30	SA	E 10W-30
Noack (D5800)		Evaporative loss at 250 °C, %, max	13			15	
		Foaming/settling, ^{<i>E</i>} mL, max					
Foam (<mark>D892</mark>)		Sequence I			10/0	C	
		Sequence II			20/0	C	
		Sequence III			10/0	0	
MRV TP-1 (<mark>D6896</mark>)		Viscosity of the 180 h used oil drain sam tested at –20 °C, mPa-s, max	25 000				
		If yield stress is detected, use the modifi preheat), then measure the viscosity, m			25 00		
		Measure the yield stress, Pa			<35	5	
		Chemical Limits (non-o	,				
Bench Tes	t Methods	Measured Param	eter	Prima	ry Perform		Criteria
D874		Mass fraction sulfated ash, %, max		1.0			
D4951		Mass fraction phosphorus, %, max		0.12			
		Mass fraction sulfur, %, max			0.4		

TABLE 4 Diesel Engine Oil Category CJ-4

		D7216 (Elastomer Compatibilit	y)	
Note—These are the <i>unadju</i> calculation of which is descr		ner compatibility. Candidate oils sh	all, however, conform to the <i>adjus</i>	sted specification limits, the
Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, %	Elongation at Break Change, %
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5, -3)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107-30)	(+10, -SL107-17)
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107, -3)	(+5, -SL107)	(+10, -45)	(+20, -30)
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5, -3)	(+8, -5)	(+18, -15)	(+10, -35)
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5, -2)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107)
Vamac G	(+SL107+2, -3)	(+5, -SL107-2)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107+10)
Note—TMC SL107 is the de of TMC SL107.	esignation for the reference oil used	d in this test method. This designati	ion represents the original blend o	r subsequent approved re-blends

 ^A See Annex A6 for additional information.
^B The Sequence IIIG limits shown are more restrictive than the corresponding limits in Sequence IIIF, and are not intended to indicate equivalence. Results meeting the Sequence IIIG criteria stated can be used in lieu of Sequence IIIF.

$$PVIS@(60 - 80)h = \left(\frac{\sqrt{PVIS@60 h} + \sqrt{PVIS@80 h}}{2}\right)^{2}, \text{ where }$$

^c 60 – 80 h value is interpolated according to the equation
PVIS@60 h is percent viscosity increase at 60 h and PVIS@80 h is percent viscosity increase at 80 h.
^b The rating system in Test Method D130 is used to rate the copper coupon in Test Method D6594.
^E Ten minutes for Sequence I, II, and III.

Required Test Method	Engine Test Method	TABLE 5 Diesel Eng Rated or Meas			-	Prima	y Performance	Criteria	
						One-test	Two-test ^A	Three-test ⁴	
		Top Ring Mass Loss, mg, max				105	105	105	
T-12 (<mark>D7422</mark>)	D7422	Cylinder Liner Wear, µm, max	•				24.0	24.0	
		IR Peak at EOT, Abs., cm ⁻¹				125	130	133	
T-13 (<mark>D8048</mark>)	D8048	Kinematic Viscosity Increase at 4	0 ℃, %	max		75	85	90	
		Avg. Oil Consumption, 48 h to 19	92 h, g/h	max		Report	Report	Report	
		TGA % Soot at 4.0 mm ² /s increa				3.5	3.4	3.3	
T-11 (D7156)	D7156	TGA % Soot at 12.0 mm ² /s incre				6.0	5.9	5.9	
		TGA % Soot at 15.0 mm ² /s incre	ase, at 1	00 °C. min		6.7	6.6	6.5	
C13 (D7549)	D7549	Merit rating, ^A min			1000	1000	1000		
COAT (D8047)	D8047	Average Aeration, ^A 40 h to 50 h,	%			11.8	11.8	11.8	
	20011	Slider tappet mass loss, mg, ave		ax.		100	108	112	
ISB (<mark>D7484</mark>)	D7484	Cam lobe wear, µm, average, ma				55	59	61	
	07404	Crosshead mass loss, mg, average, ma				Report	Report	Report	
	Top Ring Mass Loss, mg, atotago					100	100	100	
ISM (<mark>D7468</mark>)	D7468	Merit Rating, ^A				1000	100	1000	
		0				286.2	311.7		
		Weighted demerits (WDN), max				200.2	23	323.0 25	
		Top groove fill (TGF), %, max				-	4		
	D6750	Top land heavy carbon (TLHC), %, max			050 h)	3		5	
1N (D6750)		Oil consumption		g/kWh, (0 h to max	252 n),	0.54	0.54	0.54	
		on concumption		g/MJ (0 h to 25	52 h), max	0.15	0.15	0.15	
		Piston, ring, and liner scuffing		5 (none	none	none	
		Piston ring sticking				none	none	none	
	mils, max			0.30	0.33	0.36			
RFWT (<mark>D5966</mark>)	D5966	Average pin wear,		µm, max		(7.6)	(8.4)	(9.1)	
	•	CK-4 Catego	ry Bencł	Tests					
Test Method		Measured Parameter				Primary Per	formance Crite	ria	
		SAE J300 Viscosity Grade			SAE xW	SAE xW-30 SAE xW		-40	
D4683			min		3.5				
or D4741 or D5481	High temperature/high sl	near viscosity at 150 °C, mPa·s	max		N/A	Meets SAE J300		J300	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Copper, mg/kg increase,	max			20		20		
HTCBT, 135 °C	Lead, mg/kg increase, m				120		120		
(D6594)	Copper strip rating, ^B max				3	3			
Noack (D5800)	Evaporative loss at 250 °				13		13		
× ,	Foaming/settling, ^c Seque	ence I, mL, max			10/0		10/0		
Foam (<mark>D892</mark>)	Foaming/settling, ^c Seque	ence II, mL, max			20/0		20/0		
	Foaming/settling, ^c Seque	ence III, mL, max			10/0		10/0		
D7109 and HTHS	Kin	00	0		xW-30	0 0	W-40	Other xW-40	
Viscosity after 90 pass shearing (see	Kinematic viscosity after	90 pass shearing, mm²/s at 100 °	o, min		9.3		12.5	12.8	
above methods)	HTHS viscosity at 150 °C	C, mPa·s, min			3.4		N/A	N/A	
Sooted Oil MRV TP-		d oil sample from a T-11/T-11A test, tested at –20 °C, mPa⋅s, 25 00		25 000	0	25 000)		
1 (D6896) (D7156 Engine test	max								
required)	Yield stress of the 180 h	used oil sample above, Pa max			≤35		≤35		
		Chemical Lim	its (non-	critical)					
Test Method		Measured Parameter				Primary Per	formance Crite	ria	
D874	Mass fraction sulfated	ash, %, max					1.0		
D4951	Mass fraction phospho	rus, %, max					0.12		
	Mass fraction sulfur, %	, max					0.4		

TABLE 5 Diesel Engine Oil Category CK-4

D7216 (Elastomer Compatibility)									
Note—These are the <i>unadjusted specification limits</i> for elastomer compatibility. Candidate oils shall, however, conform to the <i>adjusted specification limits</i> , the calculation of which is described in Annex A5.									
Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, %	Elongation at Break Change, %					
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5, -3)	(+7, –5)	(+10, -SL107-30)	(+10, -SL107-17)					
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107, -3)	(+5, –SL107)	(+10, -45)	(+20, -30)					
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5, -3)	(+8, -5)	(+18, -15)	(+10, -35)					
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5, -2)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107)					
Vamac G	(+SL107+2, -3)	(+5, -SL107-2)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107+10)					
Note—TMC SL107 is the designation for the reference oil used in this test method. This designation represents the original blend or subsequent approved re- lends of TMC SL107.									

^A See Annex A7 for additional information.
^B The rating system in Test Method D130 is used to rate the copper coupon in Test Method D6594.
^C Ten minutes for Sequence I, II, and III.

Required Test Method	Engine Test Method	Rated or Measured Paramete	r	Prima	ary Performanc	e Criteria
				One-test	Two-test ^A	Three-test ⁴
	D7422	Top Ring Mass Loss, mg, max		105	105	105
T-12 (<mark>D7422</mark>)	01422	Cylinder Liner Wear, µm, max		24.0	24.0	24.0
		IR Peak at EOT, Abs., cm ⁻¹		125	130	133
T-13 (<mark>D8048</mark>)	D8048	Kinematic Viscosity Increase at 40 °C, % max		75	85	90
		Avg. Oil Consumption, 48 h to 192 h, g/h, max		Report	Report	Report
		TGA % Soot at 4.0 mm²/s increase, at 100 °C, mi	n	3.5	3.4	3.3
T-11 (<mark>D7156</mark>)	D7156	TGA % Soot at 12.0 mm²/s increase, at 100 °C, m	nin	6.0	5.9	5.9
		TGA % Soot at 15.0 mm²/s increase, at 100 °C, m	nin	6.7	6.6	6.5
C13 (D7549)	D7549	Merit rating, ⁴ min		1000	1000	1000
COAT (D8047)	D8047	Average Aeration, ^A 40 h to 50 h, %		11.8	11.8	11.8
		Slider tappet mass loss, mg, average, max		100	108	112
ISB (<mark>D7484</mark>)	D7484	Cam lobe wear, µm, average, max		55	59	61
· · · · /		Crosshead mass loss, mg, average		Report	Report	Report
		Top Ring Mass Loss, mg, max		100	100	100
ISM (<mark>D7468</mark>)	D7468	Merit Rating, ^A		1000	1000	1000
		Weighted demerits (WDN), max		286.2	311.7	323.0
		Top groove fill (TGF), %, max		20	23	25
		Top land heavy carbon (TLHC), %, max	3	4	5	
1N (D6750)	D6750		g/kWh, (0 h to 252 h), max		0.54	0.54
		Oil consumption	(g/MJ) (0 h to 252 h), max	(0.15)	(0.15)	(0.15)
		Piston, ring, and liner scuffing	none	none	none	
		Piston ring sticking	none	none	none	
			mils, max	0.30	0.33	0.36
RFWT (<mark>D5966</mark>)	D5966	Average pin wear,	(µm) max	(7.6)	(8.4)	(9.1)
		FA-4 Category Bench Tests	;		 `	
Tes	t Method	Measured F	Parameter			Primary Performance Criteria
		SAE J300 Vis	cositv Grade			SAE xW-30
D4683				min		2.9
or D4741 or D5481		High temperature/high shear viscosity at 150 °C, r	mPa·s —	max		3.2
		Copper, mg/kg increase, max				20
HTCBT, 135 °F (<mark>D6</mark>	594)	Lead, mg/kg increase, max				120
		Copper strip rating, ^B max				3
Noack (D5800)		Evaporative loss at 250 °C, %, max				13
(,		Foaming/settling, ^c Sequence I, mL, max				10/0
Foam (<mark>D892</mark>)		Foaming/settling, ^c Sequence II, mL, max				20/0
		Foaming/settling, ^c Sequence III, mL, max				10/0
D7109		Kinematic viscosity after 90 pass shearing, mm ² /s	at 100 °C, min			9.3
and HTHS Viscosity after 90 pass sheari	r (see above methods)	HTHS Viscosity at 150 °C, mPa·s, min				2.8
Sooted Oil MRV TP-	5	Viscosity, 180 h used oil sample from a T-11/T-11	A test, tested at -20	°C. mPa·s may	<u>, </u>	25 000
(D7156 Engine test	· · ·	Yield stress of the 180 h used oil sample above, F		, a 3, ma/		≤35
-		Chemical Limits (non-critical				
Tes	at Method	Measured Parameter				Primary Performance Criteria
D874		Mass fraction sulfated ash, %, max				1.0
		Mass fraction phosphorus, %, max				0.12
D4951		, , ,				0.4

D7216 (Elastomer Compatibility)									
Note—These are the <i>unadjusted specification limits</i> for elastomer compatibility. Candidate oils shall, however, conform to the <i>adjusted specification limits</i> , the calculation of which is described in Annex A5.									
Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, %	Elongation at Break Change, %					
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5, -3)	(+7, –5)	(+10, -SL107-30)	(+10, -SL107-17)					
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107, -3)	(+5, –SL107)	(+10, -45)	(+20, -30)					
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5, -3)	(+8, -5)	(+18, -15)	(+10, -35)					
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5, -2)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107)					
Vamac G	(+SL107+2, -3)	(+5, -SL107-2)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107+10)					
Note—TMC SL107 is the designation for the reference oil used in this test method. This designation represents the original blend or subsequent approved re-blends of TMC SL107.									

^A See Annex A7 for additional information.

^B The rating system in Test Method D130 is used to rate the copper coupon in Test Method D6594.

^c Ten minutes for Sequence I, II, and III.

NOTE 3—API has developed a symbol that can be licensed for use on containers of oils that conform to the requirements of one or more categories that are currently of commercial importance. API 1509 describes the symbol and licensing procedure.

NOTE 4—In practice, engine oils are often labeled with service category designations having some combination of both S and C prefixes.

NOTE 5—Intended service applications for the various categories described in 4.1.1 - 4.1.3 can be found in API 1509. Several applicable sections of that publication have been included in Appendix X2.

A5. PROCEDURE FOR DERIVING ADJUSTED SPECIFICATION LIMITS FOR ELASTOMER COMPATIBILITY

A5.1 Background

A5.1.1 This annex describes a statistical method to account for the inherent test variability in the elastomer compatibility test method. The need to take account of the inherent test variability arises in part because batch-to-batch, sheet-to-sheet and within-sheet variations in the properties of the reference elastomers (the four elastomers listed for the CI-4 category in Table 3; the five elastomers listed for the CJ-4 category in Table 4, the CK-4 category in Table 5 and the FA-4 category in Table 6) can be sufficiently large that they complicate making a decision as to whether or not a candidate oil has passed the elastomer compatibility requirements.

A5.1.2 Applying this statistical method to the unadjusted specification limits noted in Tables 3-6 produces the adjusted specification limits. *Passing* candidate-oil results shall lie within the range defined by the adjusted specification limits.

A5.1.3 The statistical method for determining the adjusted specification limits uses updated information about the industry test variability relevant to the time frame in which the candidate oil is tested. The TMC provides the updated information based on test results obtained by different test laboratories with different batches of reference elastomers on the same TMC SL107 reference oil.

A5.2 Unadjusted Specification Limits

A5.2.1 The unadjusted specification limits are shown for the CI-4 category in Table 3. (These are reproduced in Table A5.1 for comparison purposes.) The test method involves sixteen criteria. These criteria are the unadjusted specified limits for the four elastomer types (nitrile, silicone, polyacrylate and fluoroelastomer), with changes in four properties (volume, hardness, tensile strength and elongation at break). (The unadjusted specification limits are shown for the CJ-4 category in Table 4, the CK-4 category in Table 5 and the FA-4 category in Table 6.)

Category								
Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, MPa	Elongation at Break Change, %				
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5, -3)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107-30)	(+10, -SL107-17)				
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107, -3)	(+5, -SL107)	(+10, -45)	(+20, -30)				
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5, -3)	(+8, -5)	(+18, -15)	(+10, -35)				
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5, -2)	(+7, -5)	(+10, -SL107+2)	(+10, -SL107)				

TABLE A5.1 Unadjusted Specification Limits for the Elastomer Test Method as Part of the CI-4 Engine Oil Category

A5.3 Adjusted Specification Limits

A5.3.1 The adjusted specification limits are calculated by adjusting the numerical limits in Tables 3-6 (referred to as *fixed limits*), and the TMC SL107 limit in Tables 3-6 (referred to as a *variable limit*). The reference oil TMC SL107 is run in parallel with the candidate oil as a control for each experiment. The TMC SL107 limit ties back to the original TMC 1006 performance; it is this tie-back that accounts for the additional +/- adjustment to the performance of TMC SL107.

A5.3.2 The adjusted specification limits are determined as the unadjusted specification limits plus (in absolute terms) an amount to account for test variability.

A5.4 Inherent Test Variability

A5.4.1 Table A5.2 shows the initial TMC SL107 standard deviation estimates of the four reference elastomers and the four performance parameters, as reported by the TMC. The standard deviation estimates, applicable at the time a test oil is evaluated, are obtained from the TMC website With the introduction of SL107 Adjusted (https://www.astmtmc.org/ftp/docs/d4485/D7216 Adjusted Specification Limit Data/). Specification Limits in 2023, the standard deviation took into account the data to date. Starting in 2025, the standard deviation will take into account a rolling 24 months of data and will be updated annually in February.

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Elastomer		Volume Change	Hardness Change	Tensile Strength Change	Elongation at Break Change
Nitrile (NBR)	Total	0.57	1.16	5.53	6.57
Nitrile (NBR)	Within-Lab	0.53	1.12	5.22	6.36
Silicone (VMQ)	Total	3.08	2.13	5.14	6.82
Silicone (VMQ)	Within-Lab	1.72	1.40	4.42	6.18
Polyacrylate (ACM)	Total	0.57	1.70	7.14	10.50
Polyacrylate (ACM))	Within-Lab	0.54	1.63	6.93	10.24

TABLE A5.2 Total and Within-Laboratory Standard Deviation Estimates for the Four Reference Elastomers⁴

Elastomer		Volume Change	Hardness Change	Tensile Strength Change	Elongation at Break Change
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	Total	0.21	2.14	4.02	6.20
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	Within-Lab	0.20	1.58	2.82	4.64
Vamac G (MAC)	Total	1.88	1.46	5.82	7.84
Vamac G (MAC)	Within-Lab	1.69	1.37	5.84	7.44

^A All data collected for EOEC Calibration runs using SL107 reference oil through December 31, 2023. Data is active through January 31, 2025. For future Standard Deviation Estimates, see "<u>https://www.astmtmc.org/ftp/docs/d4485/D7216_Adjusted_Specification_Limit_Data/</u>"

A5.5 Adjusted Specification Limits—Calculations

A5.5.1 Calculation of Fixed Limits:

A5.5.1.1 Calculate the standard error of the test-oil mean by dividing the appropriate *total standard deviation* estimate by the square root of the number of observations in the sample. The number of observations in the sample, in the absence of outliers, is six.

A5.5.1.2 Multiply the standard error of the test-oil mean by 2.0.

A5.5.1.3 Add or subtract the resulting number to or from the respective upper or lower unadjusted specification limits to obtain the *fixed* adjusted specification limit(s).

A5.5.2 Calculation of Variable Limits:

A5.5.2.1 Calculate the standard error of the test-oil mean by dividing the appropriate *within-lab standard deviation* estimate by the square root of the number of observations in the sample. The number of observations in the sample, in the absence of outliers, is six.

A5.5.2.2 Multiply the standard error of the test-oil mean by 2.8.

A5.5.2.3 Add or subtract the resulting number to or from the mean result obtained with TMC SL107 (run in parallel with the test oil) to obtain either the upper or lower *variable* adjusted specification limit.

A5.5.3 Table A5.3 shows an example of the calculated adjusted specification limits.

TABLE A5.3 An Example of Adjusted Specification Limits for the Four Reference Elastomers—Applicable for the Period February 1, 2024 to January 31, 2025^A

Elastomer	Volume Change, %	Hardness Change, Points	Tensile Strength Change, %	Elongation at Break Change, %
Nitrile (NBR)	(+5.7, -3.7)	(+8.5, -6.5)	(+16.3, -SL107 -38.5)	(+16.3, -SL107 -25.8)
Silicone (VMQ)	(+SL107 +2.6, -4.9)	(+7.1, -SL107 -1.8)	(+14.4, -49.4)	(-28.1, -38.1)
Polyacrylate (ACM)	(+5.7, -3.7)	(+9.6, -6.6)	(+26.3, -23.3)	(+19.1, -44.1)
Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	(+5.1, -2.1)	(+9.0, -7.0)	(+14.6, -SL107 -4.0)	(+18.6, -SL107 -9.6)
Vamac G (MAC)	(+SL107 +2.3, -4.9)	(+6.0, -SL107 -1.0)	(+17.4, -SL107 -9.8)	(+19.5, -SL107 -12.4)

^A Based on unadjusted specification limits, standard deviation estimates shown in Table A5.2, and six observations in all cases.

A5.6 Comparison of Unadjusted and Adjusted Specification Limits

A5.6.1 Table A5.1 reproduces the unadjusted specification limits for comparison with the above adjusted specification limits.