Distributed by: ASTM Test Monitoring Center 6555 Penn Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15206

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**ASTM PTP Engine Coolant 1511** 

## SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product/Chemical Name: EC1511

**Product Description:** 

Prediluted Engine Coolant (50/50) - Ethylene Glycol Solution

**Chemical Family:** 

Inhibited Ethylene Glycol and Water Solution

CAS Registry:

Mixture

Manufacturer:

Contact the TMC for additional information

## **SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| INGREDIENT                           | CAS No         | WT. RANGE % | EXPOSURE LIMIT      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------|
| *1,2-ethanediol (Ethylene Glycol)    | 107-21-1       | 46-51%      | 50ppm Ceiling-ACGIH |
| Diethlyene glycol                    | 11-46-6        | 0-3%        | None established    |
| Proprietary Additives and Inhibitors | Not applicable | <1%         | Not applicable      |
| Dye                                  | Not applicable | <1%         | Not applicable      |
| Water                                | 7732-18-5      | Balance     | Not applicable      |

<sup>\*</sup>Hazardous according to OSHA (1910.1200) or one or more state Right-to-Know lists.

## **SECTION 3 - HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION**

| Health:   | 1    | 111110           |
|---|------|------------------|
| Flammability:   | 0    | HMIS             |
| Reactivity:   | 0    | H #1             |
| Special:  | None | F #0             |
| 0 = minimal 1= slight 2=moderate 3= serious 4= severe |      | PPE <sup>†</sup> |
|   |      | tsec 8           |

Route(s) of Entry

Inhalation:YesSkin:YesIngestion:YesEyes:Yes

Target Organs: Kidneys and Liver

Effects of overexposure:

Acute: Eyes: May cause minimal irritation, experienced as temporary discomfort.

Effects of overexposure

(con't)

Acute:

Skin:

Brief contact is not irritating. Prolonged contact, as with clothing wetted with material may cause defatting of skin or irritation, seen as local redness with possible mild discomfort. Other than the potential skin irritation effects noted above, acute (short term) adverse effects are not expected from brief skin contact.

Inhalation:

Vapors or mist, in excess of permissible concentrations, or in unusually high concentrations generated from spraying, heating the material or as from exposure in poorly ventilated areas or confined spaces, may cause irritation of the nose and throat, headache, nausea, and drowsiness. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts of material.

Ingestion:

Contains ethylene glycol and/or diethylene glycol, which are toxic when swallowed. A lethal dose for an adult is 1-2 ml per kilogram, or about 4 ounces (one-half cup). Symptoms include headache, weakness, confusion, dizziness, staggering, slurred speech, loss of concentration, faintness, nausea and vomiting, increased heart rate, decreased blood

pressure, difficulty breathing and seeing, pulmonary edema, unconsciousness, convulsions, collapse and coma. Symptoms may be delayed. Decreased urine output and kidney failure may also occur. Severe poisoning may cause death. Aspiration may occur during

swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

Sensitization Properties:

Signs and Symptoms of

Exposure:

Unknown

See above "Effects of Overexposure."

**Medical Conditions Generally** Aggravated by Long-Term

Exposure:

Repeated overexposure may aggravate existing kidney disease.

Repeated ingestion may cause kidney damage

Carcinogenicity

**Chronic Effects:** 

NTP:

Not listed Not listed

IARC Monographs: **OSHA Regulations:** 

Not listed

**ACGIH** 

Not listed

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Emergency and** 

First Aid Procedures:

Eye contact:

Immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15

minutes and

Skin contact:

Remove excess with cloth or paper towel. Wash thoroughly with

soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Immediately contact a physician, poison control center or emergency treatment center. DO NOT induce vomiting. Aspiration Hazard: Product may be inhaled into lungs if vomited.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. Restore and/or support breathing as

required. Keep victim warm and at rest.

Note to Physicians:

Treat symptomatically

Special Precautions/Procedures:

None known

**SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES** 

Unusual Fire Fighting procedures: None known

Flash Point: None at this dilution

Flash Point Method:

Burning Rate:

Autoignition Temperature:

Not applicable

Not determined

Flammable limits in air (% by volume):

LEL: Not determined
UEL: Not determined

Flammability Classification: Does not burn, but can emit fumes in a fire.

Extinguishing Media: For large fires use alcohol-type or all purpose foam. For small fires use water

spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards: None known

Fire-Fighting Instructions:

According to the National Fire Protection Association Guide, use water spray,

**NFPA** 

dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. A direct stream of water or foam may cause frothing. Use water spray to disperse the vapors and to provide

protection for person attempting to stop the leak.

Fire-Fighting Equipment: Because fire may produce toxic thermal decomposition products, wear a self-

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in

pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode.

Unusual Fire Fighting procedures:

Other Information:

Not required

Products evolved when subjected to heat or combustion: carbon monoxide

and carbon dioxide may be formed on burning in limited air supply.

## SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill/Leak Procedures: Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wear appropriate personal protective

equipment, including appropriate respiratory protection. Contain spill if possible. Wipe up or absorb on suitable material and shovel up. Prevent entry

into sewers and waterways. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Regulatory Requirements: If more than 10,539 pounds of product is spilled, then report spill according to

SARA 304 and/or CERCLA 102(a) requirements, unless product qualifies for

petroleum exemption (CERCLA Section 101 (14)).

### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Minimum feasible handling temperatures should be maintained. Empty

containers contain product residue and may be dangerous.

Storage Requirements: Periods of exposure to high temperature should be minimized. Water

contamination should be avoided. Keep containers away from open flames. ETHYLENE GLYCOL BASE – Ethylene Glycol has produced birth defects in

rodents. Do not store near food.

# SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Normal to maintain exposure below TLV

Permissible Concentrations in Air: 10mg/cubic meter for particulate mist; 50 ppm (125 mg/cubic meter) ceiling limit

for Ethylene Glycol (ACGIH 1984-1985)

Respiratory Protection: Supplied air respiratory protection for cleaning large spills or upon entry into

tanks, vessels, or other confined spaces. Use a NIOSH approved organic vapor

and gas respirator with mist filter.

Eye Protection: Chemical type goggles or face shield optional.

Protective Clothing/Equipment: Wear chemically protective gloves, boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent

prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear protective eyeglasses or chemical

safety goggles.

Work and Hygienic Practices: Exposed employees should exercise reasonable personal cleanliness; this

includes cleansing exposed skin areas several times daily with soap and water,

and laundering or dry cleaning soiled work clothing at least weekly.

Safety Stations:

Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing

facilities available in work area.

Contaminated Equipment:

Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes. Launder before reuse.

Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective

equipment.

Comments:

Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet,

or applying cosmetics.

# SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and odor:

Clear liquid with a mild odor (may contain dye in one of several colors).

Boiling Point (760 mm Hg): Freezing/Melting Point:

325°F -34°F

Specific Gravity (water =1):

1.110-1.125 1.8

Vapor Density (air =1): Percent Volatile by Volume:

NIL

Evaporation Rate (butyl acetate =1):

Not determined

Solubility in Water (% by wt): Vapor Pressure (at 20°C):

100% 18mm Hg.

pH:

10-11

Viscosity SUS @ 100°F

Less than 20cst

## SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable

Polymerization:

Does not occur

Chemical Incompatibilities:

Normally unreactive, but try to avoid strong oxidizers, strong acids and strong

bases at high temperatures.

**Conditions to Avoid:** 

High temperatures above 413°C (775°F) (product can decompose)

Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

# SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eye Effects:

Believed to cause slight eye irritation.

Skin Effects: **Acute Inhalation Effects:** 

Can be irritating to skin upon prolonged contact Drowsiness, narcosis, and unconsciousness possible upon exposure to high

concentrations in poorly ventilated confined spaces. Acute Oral Effects:

Chronic Effects:

Can cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach

Liver and kidney damage in a 2 year rat feeding study using 1-2% Ethylene Glycol. Oral administration of very high doses of Ethylene Glycol produced

birth defects in laboratory animals. Carcinogenicity:

Mutagenicity: Teratogenicity: Neither product nor its ingredients are listed by IARC, NTD or OSHA

Not mutagenic Not Teratogenic

# SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Oral: Believed to be 4.7-8.5 g/kg (rat); moderately toxic

Inhalation: Not determined.

Dermal: Believed to be 1-3 g/kg (rabbit); slightly toxic

Other: Not determined.

Irritation Index/Estimation of Irritation (Species)

Skin: Believed to be 0.5-1.8/8.0 (rabbit); slightly irritating Eyes: Believed to be 15-25/110 (rabbit); slightly irritating

Soil Absorption/Mobility:

Not determined

#### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of waste in accordance with Federal, State and Local laws. Waste Disposal Method:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of products to determine, at **Disposal Regulatory Requirements:** 

the time of disposal, whether product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses transformations, mixture, processes, etc., may render the resulting material hazardous (see waste classification) Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal, and

Container Cleaning and Disposal:

disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Not regulated unless shipping container holds at least 5,000 lbs (~535 gal.). **DOT Proper Shipping Name:** 

Not applicable Shipping Symbols: Not applicable Hazard Class:

Not regulated unless shipping container holds at least 5,000 lbs (~535 gal.). **UN Number:** 

Not applicable Packing Group: Not applicable Label: Not applicable Special Provisions (172.102):

**Bulk Shipments** 

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethlyene glycol) **DOT Proper Shipping Name:** 

UN 3082 **UN Number:** 

Class 9, UN 3082 Label Requirement:

### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**EPA Regulations** 

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number and RCRA

Unused product is not classified as a hazardous waste by Hazardous Waste Classification:

RCRA criteria

CERCLA Hazardous Substance and CERCLA

Reportable Quantity:

Does not contain any ingredients listed as a CERCLA

hazardous substance.

Contains following substance which is listed in Title III: SARA Toxic Chemical and SARA EHS:

> Ethylene Glycol. SARA 313 Information:

SARA Hazard Category: An immediate health hazard A

delayed health hazard

**OSHA Regulations:** 

State Regulations

All components listed on both TSCA (USA) and DSL Other:

(Canada) inventory.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B (A toxic material causing other chronic effects)

## **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional Hazard Rating Systems: None

Disclaimer: THE INFORMATION GIVEN HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH AND FROM SOURCES WE BELIEVE RELIABLE. BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS IS MADE.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of this product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This MSDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this MSDS information may not apply.

CONSULT Company listed in Section 1. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.